

BE AWARE™

AVOID - WEAR - APPLY - REMOVE - EXAMINE

A AVOID areas where ticks live. Ticks thrive in wood piles, long grass, leaf piles and beach grass.

W WEAR light-colored clothing; long pants, sleeves, socks and close-toed shoes. Tuck long hair into hat.

A APPLY EPA-approved tick repellent (such as picaridin or DEET) on skin and insecticide (such as permethrin) to clothing & shoes as directed.

R REMOVE clothing upon entering the home; toss into dryer at HIGH temperature for 10-15 minutes.

E EXAMINE yourself and your pets for ticks daily. Check everywhere--ticks love to hide!

Learn about ticks, Lyme and other tick-borne diseases, tick bite prevention and proper tick removal at GLA.org



Be Tick Aware!







Learn more about tick safety at the [CT DEEP Tick Safety webpage](http://CTDEEPTickSafety.org).



TICK TABLE



OVERVIEW OF THE MOST COMMON TICKS FOUND IN THE U.S. THAT TRANSMIT PATHOGENS TO HUMANS. THIS IS ONLY A PARTIAL LIST. LEARN HOW TO [BE TICK AWARE AT GLA.ORG](http://GLA.org)

TICK GENUS	COMMON NAME	ASSOCIATED ILLNESS	PATHOGEN
 <i>Ixodes</i>	Blacklegged tick	Lyme disease	<i>Borrelia burgdorferi</i> & <i>Borrelia mayonii</i>
	Deer tick	Relapsing fever	<i>Borrelia miyamotoi</i>
	Pacific tick	Powassan encephalitis	Powassan virus
		Babesiosis	<i>Babesia microti</i>
 <i>Amblyomma</i> **	Lone Star tick	Human monocytic ehrlichiosis (HME)	<i>Ehrlichia</i> spp.
		Southern tick-associated rash illness (STAR)	unknown
		Heartland virus disease	Heartland virus
		Bourbon virus disease	Bourbon virus
		Tularemia	<i>Francisella tularensis</i>
 <i>Dermacentor</i>	Dog tick	Spotted fever rickettsiosis***	<i>Rickettsia</i> spp.
	Rocky Mountain Wood tick	Tularemia	<i>Francisella tularensis</i>
 <i>Ornithodoros</i>	Soft tick	Tick-borne relapsing fever	<i>Borrelia hermsii</i> & <i>Borrelia turicatae</i>
 <i>Rhipicephalus</i>	Brown Dog tick	Spotted fever rickettsiosis***	<i>Rickettsia</i> spp.
 <i>Haemaphysalis</i>	Longhorned tick	Severe fever with thrombocytopenia syndrome (SFTS)****	Severe fever with thrombocytopenia syndrome virus (SFTSV)

Bartonella* is known to be spread by fleas; research is inconclusive regarding transmission by ticks. **Bites of *Amblyomma americanum* are associated with mammalian meat allergy. *Also known as Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever. ****SFTS has not been reported in the U.S. *Haemaphysalis* is a recent invasive tick.